§ 10.16 Adoption of a final rule.

All timely comments are considered in taking final action on a proposed rule. Each preamble to a final rule will contain a short analysis and evaluation of the relevant significant issues set forth in the comments submitted, and a clear concise statement of the basis and purpose of the rule.

§ 10.18 Petitions for reconsideration.

Petitions for reconsideration of a final rule will not be considered. Such petitions, if filed, will be treated as peitions for rulemaking in accordance with §10.20.

§ 10.20 Petition for rulemaking.

- (a) Any interested person may petition the Secretary for the issuance, amendment, or repeal of a rule. Each petition shall:
- (1) Be submitted to the Rules Docket Clerk, Room 5218, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410;
- (2) Set forth the text of substance of the rule or amendment proposed or specify the rule sought to be repealed;
- (3) Explain the interest of the petitioner in the action sought; and
- (4) Set forth all data and arguments available to the petitioner in support of the action sought.
- (b) No public procedures will be held directly on the petition before its disposition. If the Secretary finds that the petition contains adequate justification, a rulemaking proceeding will be initiated or a final rule will be issued as appropriate. If the Secretary finds that the petition does not contain adequate justification, the petition will be denied by letter or other notice, with a brief statement of the ground for denial. The Secretary may consider new evidence at any time; however, repetitious petitions for rulemaking will not be considered.

PART 13—USE OF PENALTY MAIL IN THE LOCATION AND RECOVERY OF MISSING CHILDREN

Sec.

13.1 Purpose.

13.2 Procedures for obtaining and disseminating data.

13.3 Withdrawal of data.

13.4 Reports.

AUTHORITY: 39 U.S.C. 3220(a)(2); 5 U.S.C. 301. SOURCE: 51 FR 19830, June 3, 1986, unless otherwise noted.

§13.1 Purpose.

To support the national effort to locate and recover missing children, the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) joins other executive departments and independent establishments of the Government of the United States in using penalty mail to disseminate photographs and biographical information on hundreds of missing children.

[51 FR 19830, June 3, 1986; 51 FR 43608, Dec. 3, 1986]

§13.2 Procedures for obtaining and disseminating data.

- (a) HUD shall insert, manually and via automated inserts, pictures and biographical data related to missing children in domestic penalty mail directed to members of the public in the United States, its territories and possessions. These include:
- (1) Standard letter-size envelopes $(4\frac{1}{2}" \times 9\frac{1}{2}")$;
- (2) Document-size envelopes ($9\frac{1}{2}$ " × 12", $9\frac{1}{2}$ " × $11\frac{1}{2}$ ", 10" × 13"); and
- (3) Other envelopes (miscellaneous size).
- (b) Missing children information shall not be placed on the *Penalty Indicia, OCR Read Area, Bar Code Read Area,* and *Return Address* areas of letter-size envelopes.
- (c) Posters containing pictures and biographical data shall be placed on bulletin boards in Headquarters and Field offices.
- (d) HUD shall accept camera-ready and other photographic and biographical materials solely from the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (National Center). Photographs that were reasonably current as of the time of the child's disappearance shall be the only acceptable form of visual media or pictorial likeness used in penalty mail or posters.

§ 13.3 Withdrawal of data.

HUD shall remove all printed penalty mail envelopes and other materials from circulation or other use within a

§ 13.4

three month period from the date the National Center receives information or notice that a child, whose picture and biographical information have been made available to HUD, has been recovered or that the parent or guardian's permission to use the child's photograph and biographical information has been withdrawn. The HUD contact person shall be notified immediately and in writing by the National Center of the need to withdraw from circulation penalty mail envelopes and other materials related to a particular child.

§13.4 Reports.

HUD shall compile and submit to Office of Juvenile Justice and Deliquency Prevention (OJJDP), by June 30, 1987, a consolidated report on its experience in implementing S. 1195 Official Mail Use in the Location and Recovery of Missing Children along with recommendations for future Departmental action.

PART 14—IMPLEMENTATION OF THE EQUAL ACCESS TO JUSTICE ACT IN ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

- 14.50 Definitions.
- 14.100 Time computation.
- 14.105 Purpose of these rules. 14.110 When the Act applies.
- 14.110 When the Act applies.14.115 Proceedings covered.
- 14.120 Eligibility of applicants.
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- 14.135 Rulemaking on maximum rates for attorney fees.
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Subpart B—Information Required From Applicants

- 14.200 Contents of application.
- 14.205 Net worth exhibit.
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Subpart C—Procedures for Considering Applications

- 14.300 Jurisdiction of adjudicative officer.
- 14.305 Filing and service of documents.
- 14.310 Answer to application.
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- 14.320 Settlement.
- 14.325 Extensions of time and further proceedings.

- 14.330 Decision.
- 14.335 Departmental review.
- 14.340 Judicial review.
- 14.345 Payment of award.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 504(c)(1) of the Equal Access to Justice Act (5 U.S.C. 504(c)(1); sec. 7(d) of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Act (42 U.S.C. 3535(d)).

SOURCE: 52 FR 27126, July 17, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§ 14.50 Definitions.

Act. The Equal Access to Justice Act, 5 U.S.C. 504, title II of Pub. L. 96-481, as amended by Pub. L. 99-80.

Adjudicative officer. The hearing examiner, administrative law judge, administrative judge of the HUD Board of Contract Appeals, or other officer designated by the Secretary or other responsible Department official, who presided at the adversary adjudication.

Adversary adjudication. (a) An adjudication under 5 U.S.C. 554 in which the position of the United States is represented by counsel or otherwise, but not including an adjudication for the purpose of establishing or fixing a rate or for the purpose of granting or renewing a license; and

(b) Appeals of decisions of contracting officers made pursuant to section 6 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 605) before agency boards of contract appeals as provided in section 8 of that Act (41 U.S.C. 607).

Agency counsel (a) When the position of the Department is being represented, the attorney or attorneys designated by the Department's General Counsel to represent the Department in a proceeding covered by this part, and

(b) When the position of another agency of the United States is being represented, the representative as designated by that agency.

Department. The Department of Housing and Urban Development, or the organizational unit within the Department responsible for conducting an adversary adjudication subject to this part.

Proceeding. An adversary adjudication as defined above.

Secretary. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.